**Gonzaga University School of Law - 2026**

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AMERICANBARASSOCIATION

Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar

## First-Time Bar Admission

| Calendar year of graduation | Graduates in the calendar year | Graduates who took the bar exam before graduation | Graduates who took bar exam after graduation | Grads who have not taken the bar | Grads with no bar info | First time takers from prior grad years | Total first-time takers | Total who passed the bar | Law school bar pass rate | Council weighted average bar pass rate | Difference in bar pass rate | Graduates admitted via alternative pathways to licensure | Total First Time Bar Admission Rate: first time takers and alternative pathways to licensure |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2025 | 201 | 0 | 192 | 9 | 0 | 13 | 205 | 176 | 85.85% | 81.96% | 3.89% | 0 | 85.85% |
| 2024 | 160 | 0 | 144 | 16 | 0 | 9 | 153 | 122 | 79.74% | 81.33% | -1.59% | 0 | 79.74% |
| 2023 | 135 | 0 | 119 | 16 | 0 | 18 | 137 | 95 | 69.34% | 80.00% | -10.66% | 0 | 69.34% |

## Details 2025:

| Jurisdiction | Takers | Passers | Pass % | State Pass % for Council-accredited law schools | Difference |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WASHINGTON | 127 | 114 | 89.76% | 83.07% | 6.69% |
| CALIFORNIA | 17 | 11 | 64.71% | 82.67% | -17.96% |
| ARIZONA | 10 | 7 | 70.00% | 76.46% | -6.46% |
| 17 REMAINING JURISDICTIONS | 51 | 44 | 86.27% | 79.93% | 6.34% |

## Details 2024:

| Jurisdiction | Takers | Passers | Pass % | State Pass % for Council-accredited law schools | Difference |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WASHINGTON | 104 | 87 | 83.65% | 82.68% | 0.97% |
| CALIFORNIA | 11 | 5 | 45.45% | 77.62% | -32.17% |
| 21 REMAINING JURISDICTIONS | 38 | 30 | 78.95% | 79.31% | -0.36% |

## Details 2023:

| Jurisdiction | Takers | Passers | Pass % | State Pass % for Council-accredited law schools | Difference |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WASHINGTON | 96 | 76 | 79.17% | 82.73% | -3.56% |
| CALIFORNIA | 12 | 2 | 16.67% | 72.33% | -55.66% |
| 16 REMAINING JURISDICTIONS | 29 | 17 | 58.62% | 74.65% | -16.03% |

## Two-Year Ultimate Bar Admission

| Calendar year of graduation | Total graduates in calendar year | # of grads with no info | # who did not take a bar | Graduates who sat for a bar exam within two years of their date of graduation | | | Graduates who have been admitted via an alternative pathway to licensure | Ultimate Bar Admission Rate Total % (incl. alternative pathways) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | # of takers | # who passed | % who passed | | |
| 2023 | 135 | 0 | 7 | 128 | 115 | 89.84% | 0 | 89.84% |
| 2022 | 128 | 0 | 4 | 124 | 115 | 92.74% | 0 | 92.74% |
| 2021 | 142 | 0 | 4 | 138 | 126 | 91.30% | 0 | 91.30% |

# Definitions and Additional Information on the Bar Admission Report

### *First-Time Bar Admission Section*

• **Law School Bar Pass Rate.** This percentage reflects how the law school's graduates performed across all jurisdictions where they took the bar examination for the first time.

• **Weighted Average Bar Pass Rate.** This percentage is the average pass rate for graduates from Council accredited law schools for each jurisdiction in which the law school's graduates sat for the bar exam. This number is weighted so that bar pass rates from jurisdictions where more of the law school's graduates sat for the bar exam have a greater impact on the weighted average bar pass rate than bar pass rates from jurisdictions where fewer of the law school's graduates sat for the bar exam.

• **Difference in Bar Pass Rate.** This percentage compares the performance of the law school's graduates on the bar exam in all jurisdictions where they took the bar exam for the first time with the performance of graduates from all Council-accredited law schools on the bar exam in those same jurisdictions.

• **Jurisdictional Information.** This section breaks down first-time bar pass rates by jurisdiction and compares a law school's graduates' pass rate to the average pass rate of all takers from Council-accredited law schools.

### *Two-Year Ultimate Bar Admission Section*

This section provides information on how many of a law school's graduates have been admitted to the bar and where the law school stands in relation to Standard 316, which states: At least 75 percent of a law school's graduates in a calendar year who sat for a bar examination must have passed a bar examination administered within two years of their date of graduation.

### *Information Relevant to Both Sections*

• **Alternative Pathways to Licensure.** There are currently three types of alternative pathways that allow graduates to pursue licensure without passing a bar examination:

**1)** graduates who have been admitted or have applications pending to be admitted through diploma privilege;

**2)** graduates in certain honors programs whom, by nature of their coursework and other enhanced expectations, are permitted to waive sitting for a bar exam and gain licensure;

**3)** graduates in jurisdictions with apprenticeship programs that provide temporary authorization to practice law while awaiting full authorization at the successful completion of the program.

**Notes:** Schools report the number of graduates who have been admitted or have applications pending to be admitted via alternative pathways to licensure separately from those graduates who took a bar exam. This is done to generate two bar admission rates. One bar admission rate includes just those graduates who took a bar exam. The second bar admission rate includes graduates who took a bar exam plus those who have been admitted or have applications pending to be admitted via alternative pathways.

For first-time bar admission, graduates who enter an alternative licensure program and do not take a bar exam are entered as alternative pathways graduates and are not entered as "did not take" graduates.

In the case of graduates who fail a bar exam and then enter an alternative licensure program, law schools list them as first time takers (either before or after graduation). Their result is also added to the jurisdictional information. For two-year ultimate, graduates who participated in an alternative licensure program that led to provisional bar admission are reported in the alternative pathways category if the graduates did not take and fail a bar exam.

Graduates who failed a bar exam and subsequently started an alternative licensure program are placed in the alternative pathway category only if they have received full licensure by the end of the two-year ultimate periods. These graduates are also removed from a law school's number of takers in two-year ultimate reporting.

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*Starting with the 2025 Bar Admission Report, graduates pursuing alternative pathways to bar licensure were no longer reported both in the category with graduates who did not take a bar exam and in the category of graduates admitted via alternative pathways. This change is reflected for 2024 graduates in the First-Time Bar Admission table and 2022 graduates in the Two-Year Ultimate Bar Admission table, but does not impact the Total First-Time Bar Admission Rate nor Ultimate Bar Admission Rate Total Percentage.*